## FLIGHT MANUAL AIRACOBRA /// P45 CHRONO



MANUFACTURER: AVIATOR WATCH SA
AIRCRAFT TYPE: AIRACOBRA P45
REFERENCE NUMBERS: V.2.25.0.169.4, v.2.25.5.169.4,
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DIMENSIONAL DATA



## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## Functions

Hours, minutes, small second, date
indication
Chronograph, center stop second, hours
counter, minutes counter
Add and split functions
Tas true air speed indicator

## Movement type

Quartz, ronda 5030.D

## Crown

Screw-locked / two gaskets

## Crystal

Sapphire crystal / glare-proofed / scratchresistant

## Water resistant

100 M (330 ft)

## COCKPIT LAYOUT



## BASIC FUNCTIONS

## STARTING THE WATCH

Your AVIATOR watch is battery-powered with power reserve up to 45 months. If you envisage not wearing your AVIATOR watch for several weeks or months, we would advise you to store it with the crown pulled out into position II. This cuts the electrical power supply to the motor, consequently extending the battery life.

## 1 <br> When wearing the watch, always return the crown to position 0 to ensure your watch is water resistant

## DATE SETTING

First, set the time to 12 midnight in order to know the exact starting point of 24 hours. To set the date on your AVIATOR watch, pull the crown to position I, turn the crown forward to choose the correct date. Once date is set correctly, push back the crown to position 0 . Now you can set the correct time.

If a month has fewer than 31 days, you will need to set the date manually to the first day of the following month.

## TIME SETTING

Pull out the crown to position II. This will stop the movement to set the time accurately to the second. It is the best to stop the movement as the seconds hand passes " 60 ". Now move the minute hand a little bit beyond the time to be set. Then adjust the position of minute hand by moving it backward to the correct minute stroke. This ensures that the minute hand starts to move just when you restart the movement. To make the watch working again push the crown back to position 0 .

## SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

## READING THE CHRONOGRAPH

Chronograph central seconds hand: The seconds hand runs around the scale on the edge of the dial and indicates the elapsed second once you stop and read measurements of chronograph

Minute counter: The small hand in the counter indicates elapsed minutes. This sub-dial indicates up to 30 minutes making two revolutions in one hour.

1/10 seconds counter: The small hand in the counter indicates elapsed $1 / 10$ seconds. This sub-dial makes one revolution in one second.

## ADJUSTING THE CHRONOGRAPH HANDS TO ZERO POSITION

One or several chronograph hands might be not in their correct zero positions and have to be adjusted (e.g., this may occur following a battery change)

## Activate the corrective mode

1. Pull out the crown to position II (all chronograph hands are in their correct or incorrect zero position).
2. Keep push-buttons $A$ and $B$ depressed simultaneously for at least 2 seconds (the chronograph central second hand rotates by 360 -degrees $\rightarrow$ corrective mode is activated, you can start adjusting the chronograph hands)

## Chronograph central seconds hand

1. Press pusher $A$ to make single step
2. Press an hold pusher A to move hand continuously
3. Set the hand to its zero position

## Minute counter

1. Press 2 times pusher B to activate the minute counter hand
2. Press pusher $A$ to make single step
3. Press an hold pusher A to move hand continuously
4. Set the hand to its zero position

## 1/10 seconds counter

Press pusher B to activate the $1 / 10$ second counter hand
2. Press pusher A to make single step
3. Press an hold pusher A to move hand continuously
4. Set the hand to its zero position

## OPERATING THE CHRONOGRAPH

## Measuring time of single interval

Start the chronograph by pressing the pusher A
2. Press the pusher $A$ again to stop the chronograph
3. Read the elapsed time of the interval
4. Reset the chronograph to zero position by pressing pusher B

## Measuring accumulated time of several intervals

Start the chronograph by pressing the pusher A
2. To interrupt the measurement press the pusher $A$ again
3. Read the elapsed time of the first interval
4. Resume the chronograph by pressing pusher A
5. Stop the measurement by pressing pusher $A$ once more time
6. Read the accumulated time of two intervals
7. Repeat the procedure up to as many times you need to interrupt the work of chronograph
8. Once finished reset the chronograph to zero position by pressing pusher B

## USING TACHYMETER

The tachymeter is the scale on the dial that enables the user to determine average speed or hourly productivity rate based on an observation period of less than 60 seconds

## Average speed

Use the chronograph to measure the time required to cover a kilometer or a mile. Once you travel 1 km or mile, stop the chronograph and the position of central chronograph second hand will indicate the average speed. If it stops at 30 seconds, the average speed is 120 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$ or 120 miles/h

## Hourly productivity rate

Measure the time require to produce 1 unit. If the chronograph is stopped at 30 seconds it indicates 120 , corresponding to an hourly productivity rate of 120 units.

## USING TELEMETER

The Telemeter is the scale on the dial that enables the user to measure the distance to an event that can be both seen and heard (e.g. a lightning bolt) using the speed of sound. The user starts the chronograph at the instant the event is seen, and stops timing at the instant the event is heard. The chronograph

